

BERLIN DECLARES BRITISH TONNAGE SURPASSED THAT OF GERMAN FLEET

Twenty-six of Admiral Jellicoe's Most Powerful Battleships Are Said to Have Participated in Recent Fight.

LONDON CLAIMS THAT ENGLISH HELD FIELD

King's Fleet Reported to Have Scoured Scene of Battle Four Times in Search of Enemy.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Berlin, June 6 (By Wireless to Associated Press from staff correspondent, via Sayville).—Twenty-six of Admiral Jellicoe's most powerful battleships, including six of the most modern, Queen Elizabeth class, and the entire British flying wing, composed of battle cruisers, equal in every respect except armor protection to dreadnaughts, were engaged in all the early stages of the day battle in the North sea, according to authoritative account. The account meets clearly what is charged by the British to explain defeat by the statement that the German force in action were much larger than the British. Many details, however, are suppressed for strategic reasons.

British Tonnage Greater.
The fleet thus assembled greatly surpassed in tonnage and weight of broadsides the German force engaged, was at least equally modern and was far speedier than the squadron of German pre-dreadnaughts, which lumbered along at eighteen or nineteen knots, were soon left far to the rear by their swifter consorts, out of the main action.

Brilliance of Leadership.
The recall leaves untold the tale of damages sustained by German units and the losses in personnel. It says nothing of the brilliance in battle tactics displayed by Admiral Scherer and Hipper, the smoothness and decision with which the German ships maneuvered and the deadly sureness of the German marksmanship, although it is an open secret that these three factors were largely responsible for the achievements of the Germans.

DISABLED DESTROYER ARRIVES IN PORT

London, June 5.—The British destroyer *Acasta*, which the Germans claimed to have sunk, has arrived at a northeast coast port under tow of another destroyer. The shell which put her out of action after she had been in the thick of the fight for forty minutes, exploded in the engine room, killing five men.

"After that we were helpless," said one of her crew, "and with shells falling all around us we were expected soon to be sent to the bottom. But luckily, none struck us."

FRENCH MASS ATTACKS REPUSED, BERLIN SAYS

Berlin, June 3 (By Wireless to Sayville).—Repeated attacks by masses of French infantry against German positions on the Verdun front east of the Meuse broke down with heavy losses, the war office announced today.

PRIDE OF GERMAN NAVY SUNK, BRITONS CLAIM

Edinburgh, June 5.—Survivors arriving here from the British destroyers are certain they sank the *Hindenburg*, pride of the German navy. They say she was struck by four torpedoes and torn to pieces by the destroyers.

BRITONS IDENTIFY TWO GERMAN SHIPS

London, June 5.—British officers of the fleet which participated in the Jutland battle and have returned here identify two of the big German warships sunk as the *Hindenburg* and the *Lutzow*.

SAYS BRITONS WERE IN CONTROL OF FIELD

London, June 5.—The latest reports received by the British admiralty enabled the Associated Press to give the following review of the naval engagement off the Jutland coast as viewed from the British side:

The British fleet remained in possession of the scene of battle during the morning of June 1 and traversed the field four times, finding no enemy to fire upon. The commander-in-chief took his fleet back to its base at his leisure and five hours after its arrival, reported the battle fleet ready for action.

Claims Berlin Falsified.

As regards the German losses definitely stated.

The Day in Congress

SENATE.

Not in session; meets Thursday.

HOUSE.

Considered miscellaneous bill requiring unanimous consent.

Adopted conference report on Oregon and California land grant bill.

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Colo., June 5.—New Mexico: Wednesday fair; slightly cooler east portion Wednesday.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.
For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday:
Maximum temperature, 87 degrees; minimum, 44 degrees; range, 43 degrees; temperature at 6 p. m., 82 degrees; southwest wind; clear.

CITY BANK CLEARINGS.

\$82,383.12.

nite evidence, it is declared, has now been obtained that they were deliberately falsified and that the following were destroyed:

Two battle cruisers; one at least, and probably two battleships; four light cruisers, eight destroyers and one submarine.

Ships Severely Damaged.
The remainder of the German battle cruiser squadron may have reached home ports, but the ships were all severely damaged as also were ships of the *Koenig* class, which came under the fire of a portion of the British battle fleet.

Besides the above the Associated Press has obtained information from returned officers of the fleet that they were able to identify the lost German battle cruisers as the *Hindenburg* and *Lutzow*.

ADMIRALTY REPORTS 335 OFFICERS KILLED

London, June 5.—The admiralty announces 335 officers were killed in the Jutland sea battle. The list includes practically all officers of the cruisers *Queen Mary*, *Invincible*, *Indefatigable*, *Defence* and *Black Prince*, the destroyers *Tipperary*, *Tribulation*, *Fortune*, *Ardent*, *Nomad*, *Nestor* and *Shark*. All officers except one of the cruiser *Warrior* were saved with all officers of the destroyer *Sparrowhawk*. On other ships twenty-three officers were killed and twenty-two wounded.

DEMOCRATIC SECRETARY NOT AFTER RE-ELECTION

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
St. Louis, June 5.—J. Bruce Kraemer, of Montana, secretary of the democratic national committee, announced this afternoon that business reasons would prevent his continuance in office and that he would not be a candidate for re-election. No names have been suggested for Mr. Kraemer's successor as yet.

Several national committee members have made inquiry as to what part, if any, William J. Bryan will play in the coming democratic convention. It was stated officially that inasmuch as Mr. Bryan was not elected as a delegate nor as an alternate he could not speak to the convention with the unanimous consent of the 1,094 delegates. Under convention rules Mr. Bryan can obtain a proxy only by the withdrawal of a delegate and his alternate.

Thursday will be a general speaking day and the committee members here now say Mr. Bryan probably will be asked to speak on democracy. Cato Sells, committeeman from Texas, today obtained additional hotel facilities for the Texas delegation, which he said would be the largest that ever attended a national convention. William Polindexter, who was chosen to succeed Committeeman Sells and Thomas B. Love, who contested Polindexter's selection, will appear before the national committee here on June 12 to present their respective claims.

BRANDEIS TAKES OATH OF OFFICE

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Washington, June 5.—Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, today took his seat as an associate justice of the supreme court, the sixty-second citizen to rise to that high distinction. Chief Justice White privately administered the oath of allegiance to country. At noon the court marched on to the bench. The new justice took a seat beside the clerk of the court. When Mr. Brandeis' commission had been read the clerk administered the judicial oath. Mr. Brandeis was escorted to his seat on the extreme left of the bench, where he received the congratulations of the colleague nearest him, Justice Pitney.

Austrians Repulsed.

Rome, June 6 (via London).—Austrian attacks in the Lagarina valley, where a vigorous attempt was made to carry the important Italian position at Coni Zugna, were repulsed with heavy losses, the war office announced tonight. The Austrians were also driven back while endeavoring to advance in the Bosnia sector, the report states.

Invited to Exposition.

Washington, June 5.—President Wilson today signed a resolution passed by congress authorizing him to invite Spain and Latin-American countries to participate in an exposition in 1917 celebrating the 25th anniversary of the founding of San Antonio, Tex.

VILLA'S CHIEF AID EXECUTED AT CHIHUAHUA; FALLS SMILING

Officer's Order of "Fuego" Ends Tumultuous Career of Pablo Lopez in Grim Santa Rosa.

SLEW 18 AMERICANS AT SANTA YSABEL

Bandit Expresses No Regrets for Deeds, but Leaves Letters Asking Not to Be Thought Traitor.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Chihuahua City, Mexico, June 5.—Pablo Lopez, Villa's chief lieutenant in the raid upon Columbus, N. M., today paid the penalty for his crimes, facing a firing squad of constitutional soldiers at Santa Rosa, Chihuahua's place of execution.

Lopez, who at the orders of Villa, massacred eighteen American mining men at Santa Isabel, Chihuahua, in January, and who is said to have directed the movements of the Mexicans at Columbus, expressed no regret.

Dies With Smile.

The big clock in the court yard showing 11:00 as he faced the firing squad. The officer in command gave the order to present arms, "Preparen." Lopez raised his head, smiled until his teeth showed, and then looking directly at the soldiers, said: "In the breast, brothers, in the breast!"

"Apunten!" came the officer's next command, and the squad pointed their rifles at the doomed man's bosom. "Fuego!"

All of the shots fired struck in or near the heart of the bandit, killing him instantly. As he leaped forward and fell motionless on his face, the customary final two shots of grace were fired. Although there were numbers of soldiers and citizens present, there was not a sign of disorder. Lopez left letters to his wife and to his father saying that he hoped to meet them in the next life and urging them to believe that he was not a traitor to his country. "Since my country needs my death, I give it willingly," he said.

AMERICAN VANGUARD RETURNS TO NAMIQUIPA

Chihuahua City, Mexico, June 5.—The vanguard of the American expeditionary command in Mexico has retired from Rubio ranch to Namiquipa, thirty miles north, according to a report to military headquarters here today from Colonel Zuazua at Buntilla. Supplementing this report were official advices to General Jacinto Trevino, commander, that Gen. Gabriel Gavira in his recent conference with General Pershing convinced the American commander that the Mexican troops are now able to occupy strongly fortified positions formerly held by the Americans and to continue the bandit hunt as they retire.

Another Villista FACES FIRING SQUAD

Presidio, Tex., June 5.—Juan Manchua, a Villa bandit who had been caught while horse stealing and looting along the border, was shot today by the Carranza force at Ojinaga. To make an object lesson of the bandit the execution was public, with the entire garrison drawn up.

Leaders of Two Parties Confer

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Chicago, June 5.—Late today Senator Lodge, who expects to place Benard Weeks in nomination, went into a conference with George W. Perkins at progressive headquarters. Mr. Perkins said the purpose of the conference was to discuss candidates upon whom the two parties might agree.

WOMAN'S PARTY MAKES FORMAL BOW; SUFFRAGE TO BE ITS ISSUE

Two Thousand Delegates Launch New Movement in Chicago Under Auspices of Congressional Union.

TO INDUCE PARTIES TO ADOPT PLANK

Hundred Expert Lobbyists at Work; "We'll Teach Politicians," Says Mrs. Belmont.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Chicago, June 5.—History for women was in the making tonight when the woman's party was launched under the auspices of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage. The night meeting followed the one held during the day marking the opening of their three-day convention here in an effort to promote their cause and to induce the progressive and republican to put an equal suffrage plank in their party platforms and to obtain their endorsement of the Susan B. Anthony amendment to the constitution. This is the first national woman's party ever launched.

Miss Maud Younger, of California, the temporary chairman, made the keynote speech. She said the woman's party would consider no other issue than equal suffrage at present and that it would throw its influence to that party which supported the Anthony amendment.

Two Thousand Attend.

More than 2,000 delegates from all over the country were in attendance. A committee of 100 expert lobbyists was selected to work among the delegates and leaders of the progressives and republicans to obtain equal suffrage support.

Among the suffragette leaders in attendance tonight were Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, of New York; Miss Helen Keller, Mrs. Sara Stetson, of Oregon; Mrs. Elizabeth Geringer, of San Francisco; Miss Ann Martin, of Nevada; Mrs. Wallace Williams, of Washington; Mrs. Inez Mithelland-Benedict, of New York; Mrs. Townsend Scott, of Maryland, and Mrs. E. M. Rhodes, of Seattle.

Mary Speeches Made.

Speeches were made by Miss Lucy Burns, of Washington, D. C., vice chairman of the congressional union; Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, of New York; and Mrs. Ida Kinney MacKillop, of California.

Miss Burns laid blame for the defeat of the national constitutional amendment on the democratic party. "If as great a percentage of democrats as republicans had voted for suffrage a two-thirds majority for it in the house would have been secured," she said. "But more than two-thirds of the democrats voted against suffrage, reducing the vote to such a point that the amendment could not have secured a two-thirds, even if every member of the other parties had been present and voting 'yes'."

East Appeals to West.

Mrs. Blatch carried "the appeal of the east to the west."

It was during the reconstruction period, when all the efforts of my mother, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, and Miss Anthony to keep 'male' out of the fourteenth amendment and put 'sex' into the fifteenth, had proved futile, that my mother said, 'our hope is in the freedom-loving west.' Mrs. Blatch related.

"The women of the western states are divided into political parties, and it needs but a fraction of these women of any one party to force that party to accept its responsibility in congress toward the woman suffrage amendment or to face defeat."

Wants Club Used.

"We believe that this year you women are going to stretch your hands to your disfranchised sisters and place women before partnership, saying to the parties you have been loyal to in the past, 'not one bit of help do we give you until you have done justice to women.'"

Miss Ann Martin, of Reno, Nev., was elected chairman. In her opening remarks she said: "The object of our party is not to create sex antagonism; it has no fantastic vision of sex solidarity; it is simply an organization of the 6,000,000 voting women in the twelve suffrage states who place equal suffrage before the interests of any political party."

"This movement of western women is not a Utopian dream; it is a practical political reality which the party leaders must reckon with as a determining factor in the next election. We can conceive of no higher purpose for which to use our votes than for the freedom of our women."

Mrs. Belmont Speaks.
Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, of New York, in her opening speech said the suffragists were here to do business with the men who want to be president of the United States and that all politicians will be taught something about their business this year by the women.

RUSSIAN BEAR AWAKES FROM LENGTHY DOZE IN EAST ZONE

Czar's Forces Begin Long-expected Offensive Against Germans; Take 13,000 Prisoners and Many Guns.

AUSTRIANS CONTINUE ADVANCE INTO ITALY

Soldiers of Dual Monarchy Now Become Invaders, Capturing Town and Much War Material.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
The long expected general offensive of the Russians against the Germans recently has begun. From both Petrograd and Vienna come reports that the Russians are actively engaged over a front from the Pripiet river, east of Brest-Litovsk, to the Russian frontier, a distance of about 250 miles.

The Russians everywhere are using large numbers of guns and men, and, according to Petrograd, have achieved successes on many important sectors, taking 13,000 prisoners and a number of guns, and destroying or capturing Teuton positions.

Attacks Violent.

Along the Bessarabian front, in the Dniester region along the lower Stripa, and in Volhynia, the Russian attacks have been particularly violent. In the region of Olyka, in the zone of the Volhynian fortress triangle, the Russian guns have shelled a front of more than fifteen miles in length held by the Austrian Archduke Joseph Ferdinand.

Around Verdun bad weather has set in and as a result the infantry of both sides have kept to their trenches and only bombardments have taken place. No new changes in positions are recorded. Around Vaux and Dambloup, northeast of Verdun, the bombardment on both sides has continued with considerable intensity, while to the west of the Meuse, the shelling has been only intermittent.

Activity at Ypres.

On the remainder of the front in France, except around Ypres, the situation is reported quiet. About Ypres, however, the Germans and Canadians are continuing the violent fighting that has been in progress since last week when the Germans, under a terrific rain of shells, captured Canadian positions which later were re-taken in hand-to-hand and bloody encounters. Returning to the attack Sunday the Germans again forced the Canadians to relinquish the bulk of the recaptured ground but the Canadians are disputing strenuously the efforts of the Germans to cut them from the remainder of their positions.

Austrians Continue Advance.

Vienna reports that notwithstanding the sturdy resistance of the Italians the Austrians have made a further advance into Italy in the Cengio zone near Asiago. The town of Cengio and 500 prisoners, three cannon and eleven machine guns and 125 bomb-throwers were captured by the Austrians.

Rome admits the retirement of the Italians in the Cengio zone, but says that in the Dalgone valley, the Lagarina valley, and on the Posina from Austrian attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

RUSSIA WANTS PRESSURE ON GREECE

Petrograd, June 5 (via London).—The Russian press urges the entente powers to bring pressure to bear on Greece because of the antagonistic attitude of that country. Something of a sensation has been caused by the articles, especially that in the *Boersse Gazette*, expressing the opinion that the king of Greece "would do well to take a rest of some duration at some place better for his health than Athens."

The other papers denounce the "political felony" of Greece toward the entente allies. The *Novoye Vremya* considers the measures taken at Saloniki as insufficient and calls upon the entente powers to take the necessary steps at Piræus and Athens.

PERSHING SATISFIED WITH CAMP CONDITIONS

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Columbus, N. M., June 5.—Gen. J. J. Pershing, commanding the punitive expedition, made an automobile tour of inspection of the base camp immediately after his arrival here. On his return to quarters tonight he expressed himself well pleased with the appearance of things. He was accompanied on his rounds by Major W. R. Sample, base commandant.

It is learned that General Pershing had a long conversation over the telephone with General Funston at San Antonio.

The general expected to return to Namiquipa, Mexico, next Wednesday.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT CAN HAVE NOMINATION ONLY IF LEADERS ARE SHOWN HE CAN CARRY THE ELECTION

HUGHES NOT TO RESIGN FROM SUPREME BENCH, EVEN IF ELECTED, UNTIL MARCH 4

Men Who Will Control Republican National Convention Determined to Select Man for Standard Bearer Who, in Their Opinion, Can Bring Victory to Party; Also They Want Candidate Who Will Recognize and Do Business With Regular Organization; Jurist Is Too Independent and, if Nominated, It Will Be Solely on What Is Believed to Be His Strength to Get Votes; Leaders Fear His Attitude Toward Old Guard Far More Than That of Rough Rider Who Always Has Been Open to Suggestion and Amenable to Rules of the Political Game.

FIFTY NINE ARE KILLED IN BIG ARKANSAS STORM

More Than Hundred Persons Are Injured in Series of Tornadoes That Sweep That State.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Little Rock, Ark., June 5.—Fifty-nine persons are reported killed and more than a hundred injured in a series of tornadoes which swept Arkansas this afternoon. All means of communication are crippled and it is feared the list of dead and injured will be greatly increased by later reports.

The dead thus far reported are as follows:
Judonia, White county, twenty-five known dead and fifty injured.
Heber Springs, eighteen dead.
De Lark, Dallas county, four dead.
Cabot, White county, five dead.
Hot Springs, four dead.
Morrilton, one dead.
Greenland, Washington county, two dead.

CARRANCISTAS WIN AGAINST BANDITS

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Chihuahua City, Mexico, June 5 (via Mexican telegraph to Juarez, June 5).—Julio Acosta, one of the Villista leaders in the engagement at Ojos Azules several weeks ago, has sent a messenger to Colonel Barraga at Guerrero, asking amnesty for himself and his forty followers, according to reports received at military headquarters here today.

Other evidences that the constitutional bandit campaign is progressing favorably were contained in reports from Gen. Fortunato Maycotte at Torreon. These said that Canuto Reyes and Jose Isabel Robles, former rebel leaders, recently arrested, were there making final arrangements for a command of 200 men with which to bring in peacefully or fight to extermination the remnants of the outlaw law remaining in the Durango hills. Already more than 2,000 rifles, numerous other small arms, horses, mules, saddles and other equipment have been surrendered to the governmental forces.

Another former rebel leader, Jose Inez Salazar, whose harmless revolution in the north recently ended quietly, conferred today with General Jacinto Trevino, commander here. He was on his way to the south to obtain employment as a miner.

Local advices received here stated that an American scouting party which recently evacuated San Miguel Chico has concentrated with other troops at Rubio ranch, thirty miles north of the American field base near Namiquipa. Native ranchmen complained that the Americans burned some of their houses and commandeered a number of horses and mules from them.

SEVENTEEN PROVINCES LOYAL TO YUAN

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.
Washington, June 5.—The seventeen loyal provinces in China have agreed to continue their support of President Yuan Shi Kai. Minister Reisch at Peking telegraphed today that representatives of the provinces had reached this decision at a meeting in Nanking. Minister Reisch did not know whether the armistice declared when the conference was called was still in effect.

Justice Hughes will not resign from the supreme bench before or subsequent to his nomination.

Justice Hughes will not resign from the supreme bench if he is elected, until the moment that he is about to take the oath of office on March 4, 1917.

Justice Hughes is not a candidate for the republican nomination, prefers to remain in the supreme court, but will do no overt act to promote or retard any movement that may be made in his behalf in Chicago.